

## AVQ300-48S12

300 Watts

Quarter-brick Converter

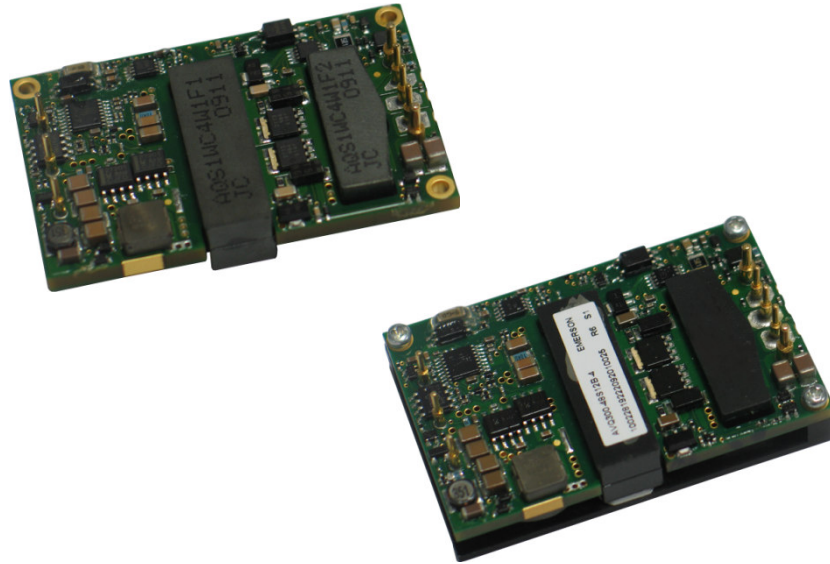
**Total Power:** 300 Watts  
**Input Voltage:** 48 Vdc  
**# of Outputs:** Single

### Special Features

- Delivering up to 25A output
- Industry standard quarter brick pin-outline
- Basic isolation
- Ultra-high efficiency 94.5% typ. at full load
- wide input voltage of 36V~75V
- Improved thermal performance
- High power density
- Low output noise
- No minimum load requirement
- Remote ON/OFF control function
- Remote output sense
- Trim function
- Input under voltage lockout
- Over temperature protection
- Output over current protection
- Output over voltage protection
- RoHS compliant
- Pin length optional

### Safety

IEC/EN/UL/CSA 60950  
CE Mark  
UL/TUV  
GB4943



### Product Descriptions

The AVQ300-48S12 is a single output DC/DC converter with standard quarter brick form factor and output is isolated from input. It delivers up to 25A output current with 12V output. Above 94.5% efficiency and excellent thermal performance makes it an ideal choice to use in telecom and datacom applications and can operate under an ambient temperature range of -40 °C ~ +85 °C.

### Applications

Telecom/ Datacom

## Model Numbers

Standard	Output Voltage	Structure	Remote ON/OFF logic	RoHS Status
AVQ300-48S12-6L	12Vdc	No baseplate	Negative	R6
AVQ300-48S12P-6L	12Vdc	No baseplate	Positive	R6
AVQ300-48S12B-6L	12Vdc	Baseplate	Negative	R6
AVQ300-48S12PB-6L	12Vdc	Baseplate	Positive	R6

## Ordering information

AVQ300	-	48	S	12	P	B	-	4	L
①		②	③	④	⑤	⑥		⑦	⑧

①	Model series	AVQ: high efficiency quarter-brick series, 300: output power 300W.
②	Input voltage	48: 36V ~ 75V input range, rated input voltage 48V
③	Output number	S: single output
④	Rated output voltage	12: 12V output
⑤	Remote ON/OFF logic	Default: negative logic; P: positive logic
⑥	Baseplate	B: baseplate; default: no baseplate
⑦	Pin length	4: 4.8 ± 0.25mm
⑧	RoHS status	L: RoHS, R6

## Options

None

## Electrical Specifications

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress in excess of those listed in the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the power supply. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the unit is not implied at these or any other conditions above those given in the operational sections of this TRN. Exposure to any absolute maximum rated condition for extended periods may adversely affect the power supply’s reliability.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings:

Parameter	Model	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Voltage Operating -Continuous Non-operating -100mS	All	$V_{IN,DC}$	-	-	80	Vdc
	All		-	-	100	Vdc
Maximum Output Power	All	$P_{O,max}$	-	-	300	W
Isolation Voltage <sup>1</sup> Input to output Input to baseplate Output to baseplate	Open frame module		1500	-	-	Vdc
	Baseplate module		1500	-	-	Vdc
	Baseplate module		500	-	-	Vdc
Ambient Operating Temperature	All	$T_A$	-40	-	+85	°C
Storage Temperature	All	$T_{STG}$	-55	-	+125	°C
Voltage at Remote ON/OFF pin	All		-0.7	-	12	Vdc
Humidity (non-condensing) Operating Non-operating	All		-	-	95	%
			-	-	95	

Note 1 - 1mA for 60s, slew rate of 1500V/10s

## Input Specifications

Table 2. Input Specifications:

Parameter	Conditions <sup>1</sup>	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage, DC	All	$V_{IN,DC}$	36	48	75	Vdc
Turn-on Voltage Threshold	$I_O = I_{O,max}$	$V_{IN,ON}$	-	35	36	Vdc
Turn-off Voltage Threshold	$I_O = I_{O,max}$	$V_{IN,OFF}$	32	34	-	Vdc
Lockout Voltage Hysteresis	$I_O = I_{O,max}$		1	-	3	V
Maximum Input Current ( $I_O = I_{O,max}$ )	$V_{IN,DC} = 36V_{DC}$	$I_{IN,max}$	-	-	12	A
No-load input current		$I_{IN}$	-	-	0.2	A
Standby Input current	Remote OFF	$I_{IN}$	-	0.01	0.1	A
Recommended Input Fuse	Fast blow external fuse recommended		-	-	15	A
Input filter component values (C\L)	Internal values			8.8\1		$\mu F \backslash \mu H$
Recommended External Input Capacitance	Low ESR capacitor recommended	$C_{IN}$	100	-	-	$\mu F$
Input Reflected Ripple Current	Through 12 $\mu H$ inductor		-	-	150	mA
Operating Efficiency	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ $I_O = I_{O,max}$ $I_O = 50\% I_{O,max}$	$\eta$	-	94.5 95	-	% %

Note 1 -  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , airflow rate = 400 LFM,  $V_{in} = 48V_{dc}$ , nominal  $V_{out}$  unless otherwise noted.

## Output Specifications

Table 3. Output Specifications:

Parameter	Condition <sup>1</sup>	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
Factory Set Voltage	$V_{IN,DC} = 48V_{DC}$ $I_O = I_{O,max}$	$V_O$	11.80	12	12.20	Vdc	
Output Voltage Line Regulation	All	$\%V_O$	-	-	0.2	%	
Output Voltage Load Regulation	All	$\%V_O$	-	-	0.2	%	
Output Voltage Temperature Regulation	All	$\%V_O$	-	-	0.02	$\%/^{\circ}C$	
Total output voltage range (Over sample, line, load, temperature & life)	All	$V_O$	11.70	12.00	12.30	V	
Output Voltage Trim Range	All	$V_O$	10.80	-	13.20	V	
Output Ripple, pk-pk	20MHz bandwidth	$V_O$	-	-	150	$mV_{PK-PK}$	
Output Current	All	$I_O$	0	-	25	A	
Output DC current-limit inception <sup>1</sup>		$I_O$	26.25	-	32.5	A	
$V_O$ Load Capacitance	All	$C_O$	470	1000	10000	$\mu F$	
$V_O$ Dynamic Response	Peak Deviation Settling Time	50% ~75%~50% slew rate = 0.1A/us	$\pm V_O$	-	600	-	mV
		$T_s$	-	700	-	uSec	
		50% ~75%~50% slew rate = 1A/us	$\pm V_O$	-	1200	-	mV
			$T_s$	-	700	-	uSec
Turn-on transient	Rise time	$I_O = I_{max}$	$T_{rise}$	-	-	100	mS
	Turn-on delay time	$I_O = I_{max}$	$T_{turn-on}$	-	-	150	mS
	Output voltage overshoot	$I_O = 0$	$\%V_O$	-	-	5	%

Note 1 -  $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ , airflow rate = 400 LFM,  $V_{in} = 48V_{dc}$ , nominal  $V_{out}$  unless otherwise noted.

Note 2 - Hiccup: auto-restart when over-current condition is removed.

## Output Specifications

Table 3. Output Specifications, con't:

Parameter	Conditions <sup>1</sup>	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Switching frequency	All	$f_{sw}$	135	145	155	KHz
Remote ON/OFF control (positive logic)	Off-state voltage	All	-0.7	-	1.2	V
	On-state voltage	All	3.5	-	12	V
Remote ON/OFF control (negative logic)	Off-state voltage	All	3.5	-	12	V
	On-state voltage	All	-0.7	-	1.2	V
Output over-voltage protection <sup>2</sup>	All	$\%V_O$	125	-	150	%
Output over-temperature protection <sup>3</sup>	No baseplate	T	-	120	-	°C
	Baseplate		-	100	-	
Over-temperature hysteresis	All	T	-	10	-	°C
Output voltage remote sense range	All	$V_o$	-	-	0.6	V
MTBF	Telcordia SR-332-2006; 80% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta		-	1.5	-	10 <sup>6</sup> h

Note 3 – Hiccup: auto-restart when over-voltage condition is removed.

Note 4 – Auto recovery.

## AVQ300-48S12 Performance Curves

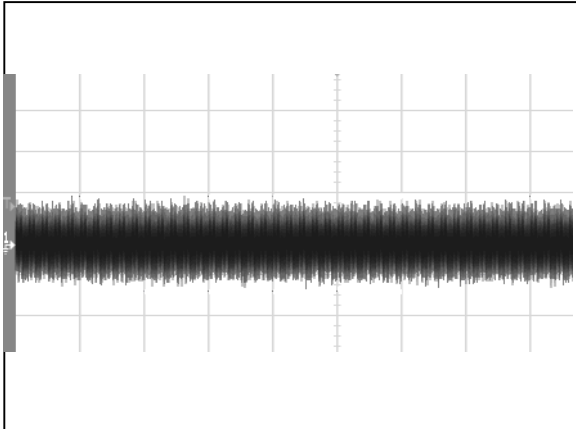


Figure 1: AVQ300-48S12 Input Reflected Ripple Current Waveform (100mS/div, 10mA/div)

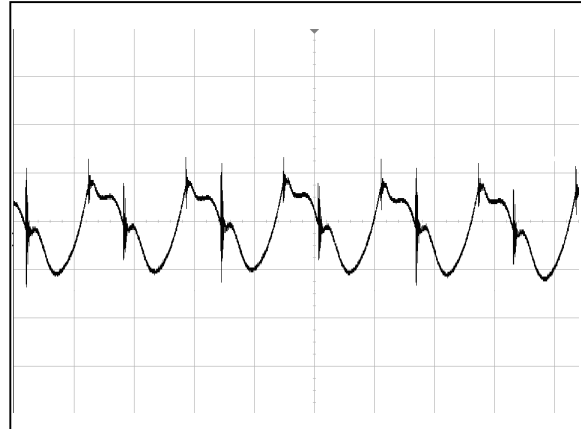


Figure2: AVQ300-48S12 Ripple and Noise Measurement (2uS/div, 20mV/div)

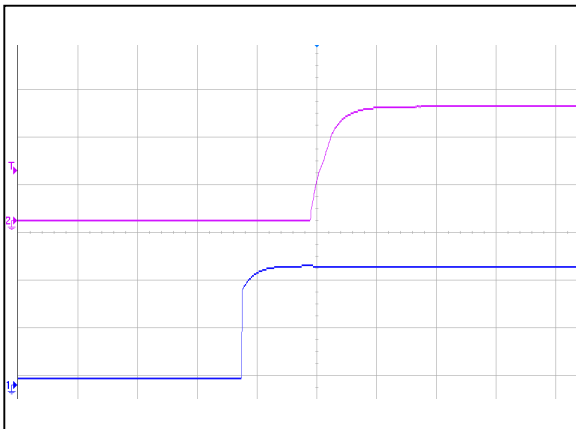


Figure 3: AVQ300-48S12 Output Voltage Startup Characteristic (100mS/div)

Ch 2: Vo (5V/div)

Ch 1: Vin (20V/div)

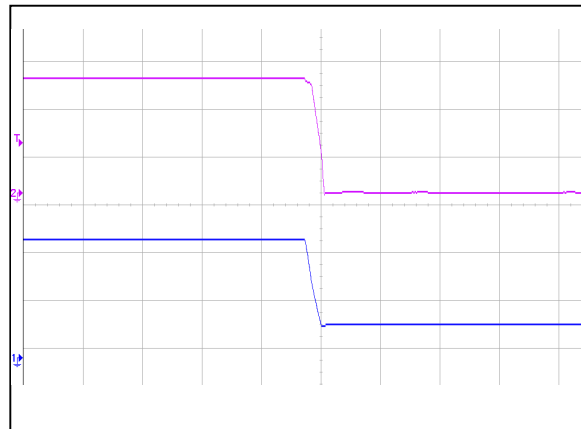


Figure 4: AVQ300-48S12 Turn Off Characteristic (50mS/div)

Ch 2: Vo (5V/div)

Ch 1: Vin (20V/div)

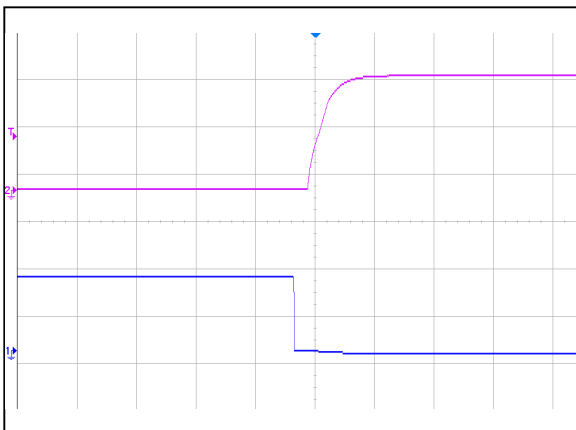


Figure 5: AVQ300-48S12 Remote ON Waveform (100mS/div)

Ch 2: Vo (5V/div)

Ch 1: Remote ON (2V/div)

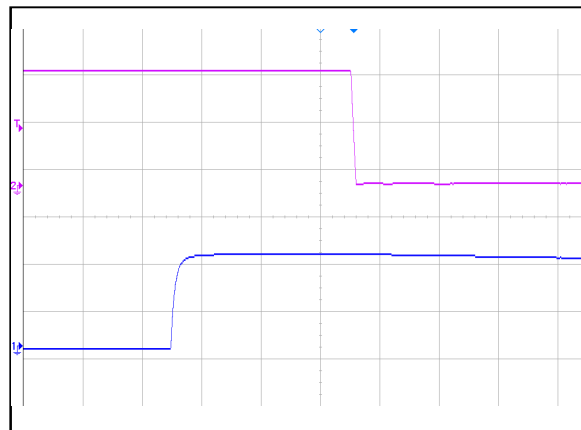


Figure 6: AVQ300-48S12 Remote OFF Waveform (5mS/div)

Ch 2: Vo (5V/div)

CH 1: Remote OFF (2V/div)

## AVQ300-48S12 Performance Curves

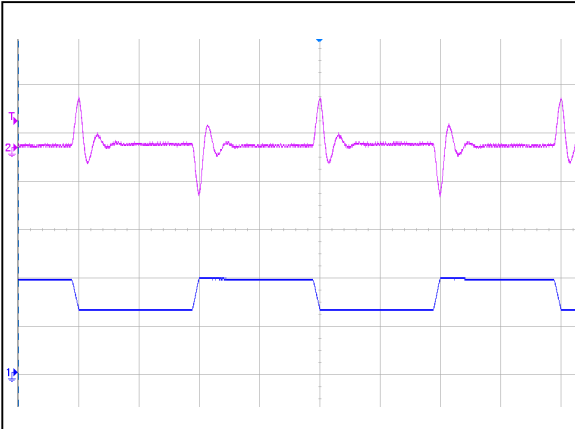


Figure 7: AVQ300-48S12 Transient Response (2mS/div)  
 50%~75%~50% load change, 0.1A/uS slew rate  
 Ch 2: Vo (200mV/div) Ch 1: Io (10A/div)

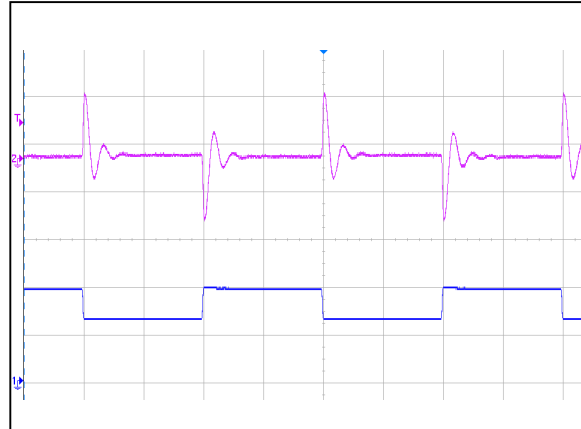


Figure 8: AVQ300-48S12 Transient Response (2mS/div)  
 50%~75%~50% load change, 1A/uS slew rate  
 Ch 2: Vo (200mV/div) Ch 1: Io (10A/div)

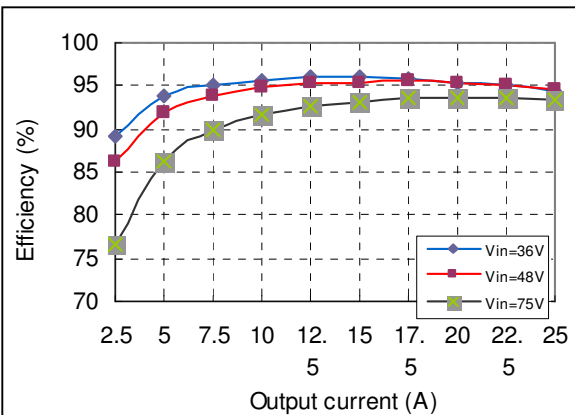
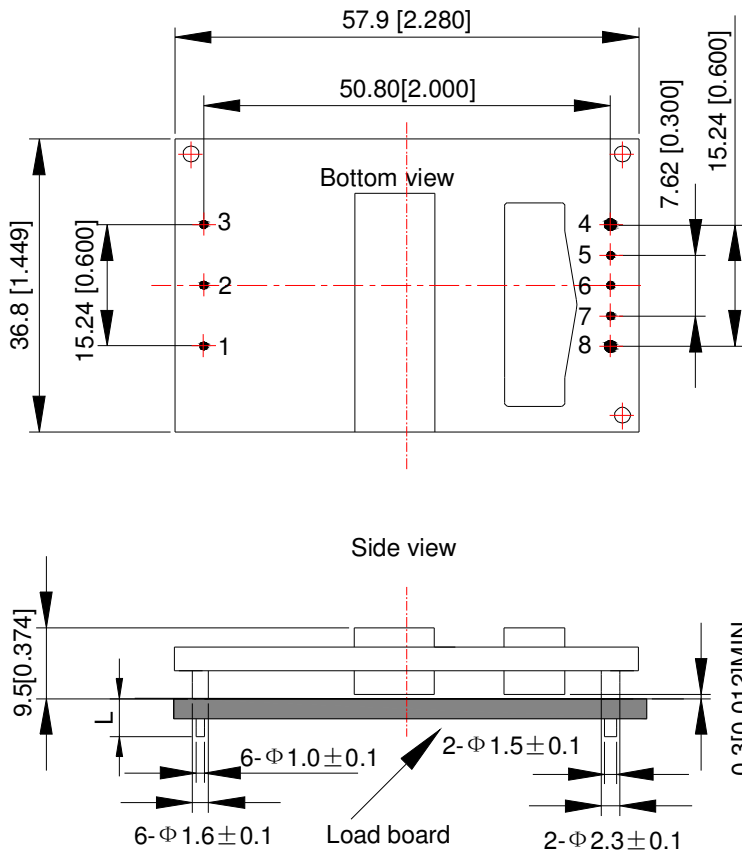


Figure 9: AVQ300-48S12 Efficiency Curves @ 25 °C, Vo=12V



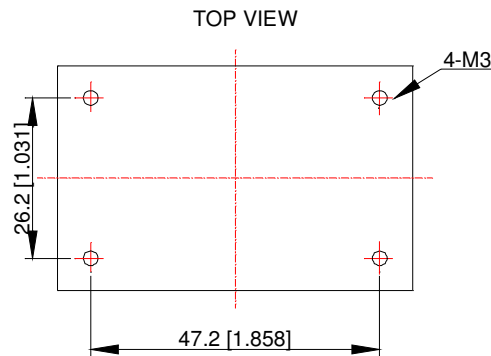
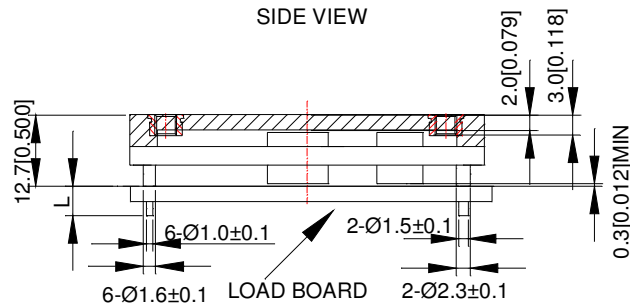
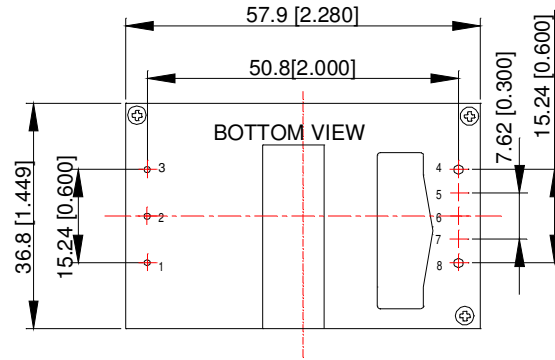
# Mechanical Specifications

## Mechanical Outlines – No baseplate Module



Unit: mm[inch]                      Bottom view: pin on upside  
Tolerance: X.Xmm ± 0.5mm [X.X in. ± 0.02in.]  
              X.XXmm ± 0.25mm [X.XX in. ± 0.01in.]

**Mechanical Outlines – Baseplate Module**



UNIT: mm[inch]      BOTTOM VIEW: pin on upside  
TOLERANCE: X.Xmm±0.5mm[X.X in.±0.02in.]  
                  X.XXmm±0.25mm[X.XX in.±0.01in.]

## Mechanical Specifications

### Pin Length Options

Device code suffix	L
-4	4.8mm ± 0.25 mm
-6	3.8mm ± 0.25 mm
-8	2.8mm ± 0.25 mm
None	5.8mm ± 0.25 mm

### Pin Designations

Pin No	Name	Function
1	Vin+	Positive input voltage
2	CNT	Remote ON/OFF control
3	Vin-	Negative input terminal
4	Vo-	Negative output terminal
5	Sense-	Negative remote sense
6	Trim	Output voltage trim
7	Sense+	Positive remote sense
8	Vo+	Positive output terminal

## **EMC Immunity**

AVQ300-48S12 Series power supply is designed to meet the following EMC immunity specifications:

Document	Description	Criteria
IEC/EN61000-4-2 Level 3	ESD	B
IEC/EN61000-4-4 Level 3	EFT <sup>1</sup>	B
IEC/EN61000-4-5 <sup>2</sup>	Surges <sup>1</sup>	B
IEC/EN61000-4-6 Level 2	Conducted disturbances immunity	A
EN61000-4-29	DC voltage dips, short interruption, variation	B
EN55022 <sup>3</sup>	Conducted Emission	/

Note 1 - System reset is no allowed

Note 2 - Line to Ground(earth): 600V, Line to Line: 600V, System reset is no allowed

Note 3 - DC Input, Class B

Criterion A: Normal performance during and after test.

Criterion B: Normal performance after test, automatic restart is allowed after test .

Criterion C: Normal performance after test, the module can be restarted manually after test.

Normal performance means that output noise ( $V_{pp}$ ) meet the requirement of the specifications.

**EMC Test Configuration**

:

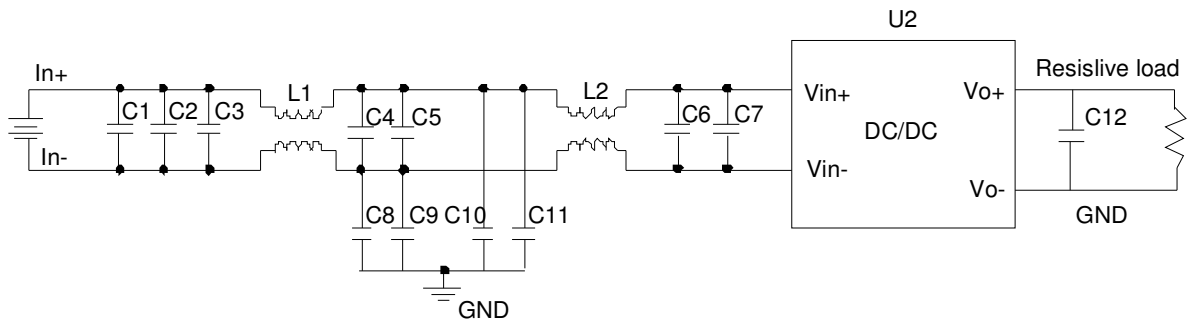


Figure 10 EMC test configuration

U2: Module to test, AVQ300-48S12

C1 ~ C5: SMD ceramic capacitor -100V-1000nF-X7R-1210

C6: SMD ceramic capacitor -100V-100nF-±10%-X7R-1206

L1 , L2 : Common mode inductor - single phase -473uH-±25%-14A magnetic ring 1\*25.4\*12.7mm - working temperature range includes module temperature rise. Temperature rise at rated current: 55 °C max

C8 ~ C11: High-voltage CHIP ceramic capacitor. Capacitance: 0.1U/630V/X7R. Size: 2220. Capable of withstanding 1kV voltage

C7: Input electrolytic capacitor, according to the same type as C1 in Figure 16

C12: Output electrolytic capacitor, according to the same type as C3 in Figure 16

PE: Connected to output

## **Safety Certifications**

The AVQ300-48S12 Series power supply is intended for inclusion in other equipment and the installer must ensure that it is in compliance with all the requirements of the end application. This product is only for inclusion by professional installers within other equipment and must not be operated as a stand alone product.

Table 4. Safety Certifications for AVQ300-48S12 series power supply system

<b>Document</b>	<b>File #</b>	<b>Description</b>
UL60950,CSA-C22.2		US and Canada Requirements
EN60950-1		European Requirements
IEC60950		International Requirements
GB4943		Chinese Requirements
CE		CE Marking

## Operating Temperature

The AVQ300-48S12 series power supplies will start and operate within stated specifications at an ambient temperature from -40 °C to 85 °C under all load conditions. The storage temperature is -55 °C to 125 °C.

## Thermal Considerations – No baseplate Model

The converter is designed to operate in different thermal environments and sufficient cooling must be provided.

Proper cooling of the DC-DC converter can be verified by measuring the temperature at the test point as shown in the Figure 11. The temperature at this point should not exceed the max values of 120 °C.

The converter can operate in an enclosed environment without forced air convection. The converter can deliver output power at 85 °C ambient temperature provided the test point temperature is kept below the max values of 120 °C in the Table 5.

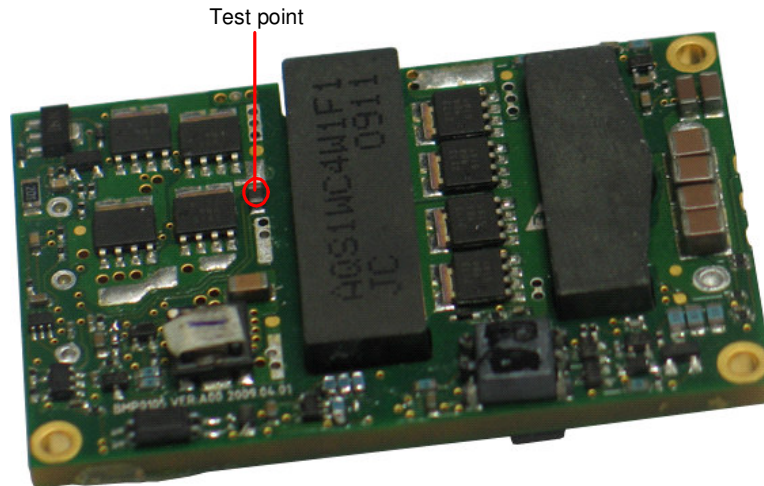


Figure 11 No baseplate model temperature test point , air flowing across the converter from pin 1 to pin 3

Table 5 Temperature limit of the test points

Test Point	Temperature limit
Test point	120°C

**Thermal Considerations — No baseplate Model, con't**

Figure 12 shows the derating output current vs. ambient air temperature at different air velocity. The typical test condition is shown in Figure 12.

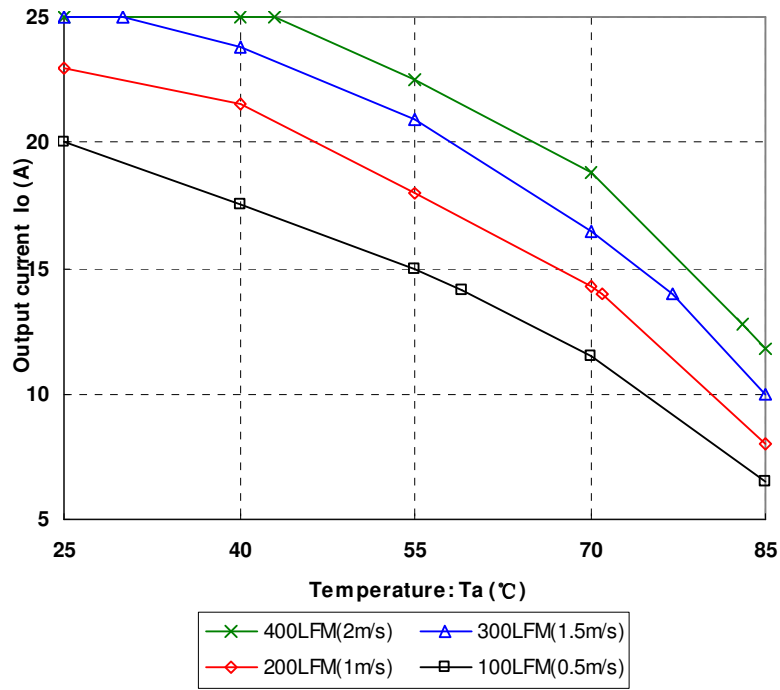


Figure 12 Output power derating,  $48V_{in}$ , air flowing across the converter from pin 1 to pin 3



## Thermal Considerations — Baseplate Model

The converter is designed to operate in different thermal environments and sufficient cooling must be provided.

Proper cooling of the DC-DC converter can be verified by measuring the temperature at the test point as shown in the Figure 13. The temperature at this point should not exceed the max values of 100 °C.

The converter can operate in an enclosed environment without forced air convection. Cooling of the converter is achieved mainly by conduction from the baseplate to a heatsink. The converter can deliver output power at 85 °C ambient temperature provided the baseplate temperature is kept below the max values of 100 °C in Table 6.

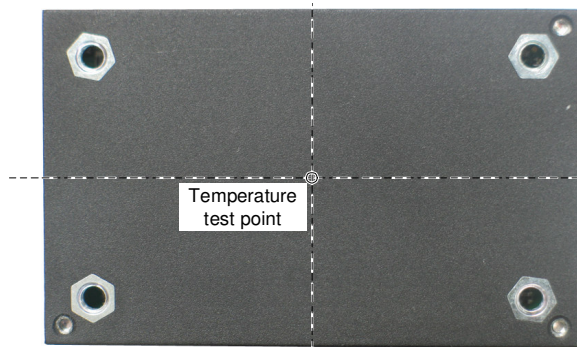


Figure 13 Baseplate model temperature test point on converter, air flowing across the converter from pin 1 to pin 3

Table 6 Temperature limit of the test points

Test Point	Temperature limit
Test point	100°C

The converter can also operate with a smaller heatsink and sufficient airflow. The heatsink is shown in Figure 14.

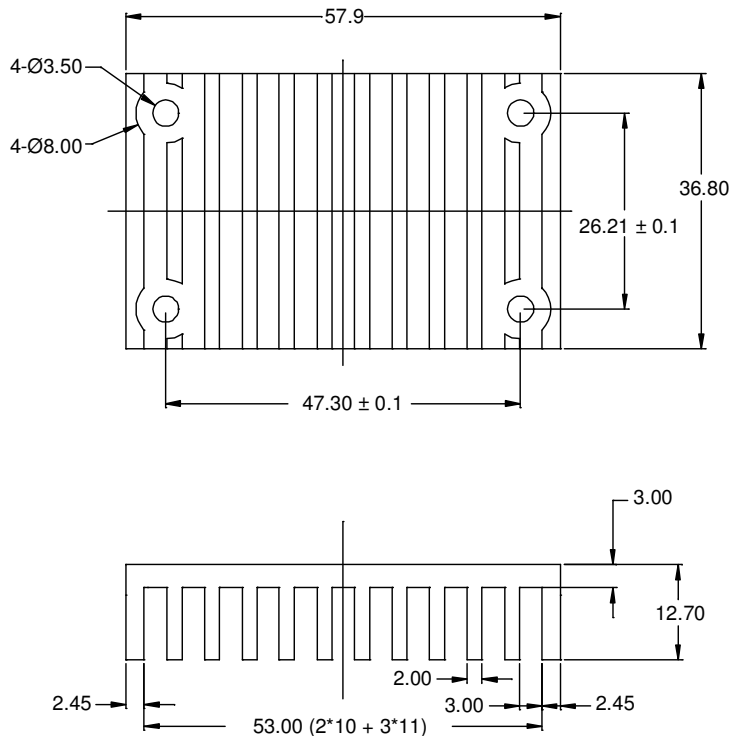


Figure 14 Heatsink

## Thermal Considerations — Baseplate Model, con't

### Assembly

The maximum length of the screw driven into heat-sink is 3.3mm.

Figure 15 shows the derating output current vs. ambient air temperature at different air velocity with a heatsink, the heatsink spec is shown in Figure14. The typical test condition is shown in Figure 15.

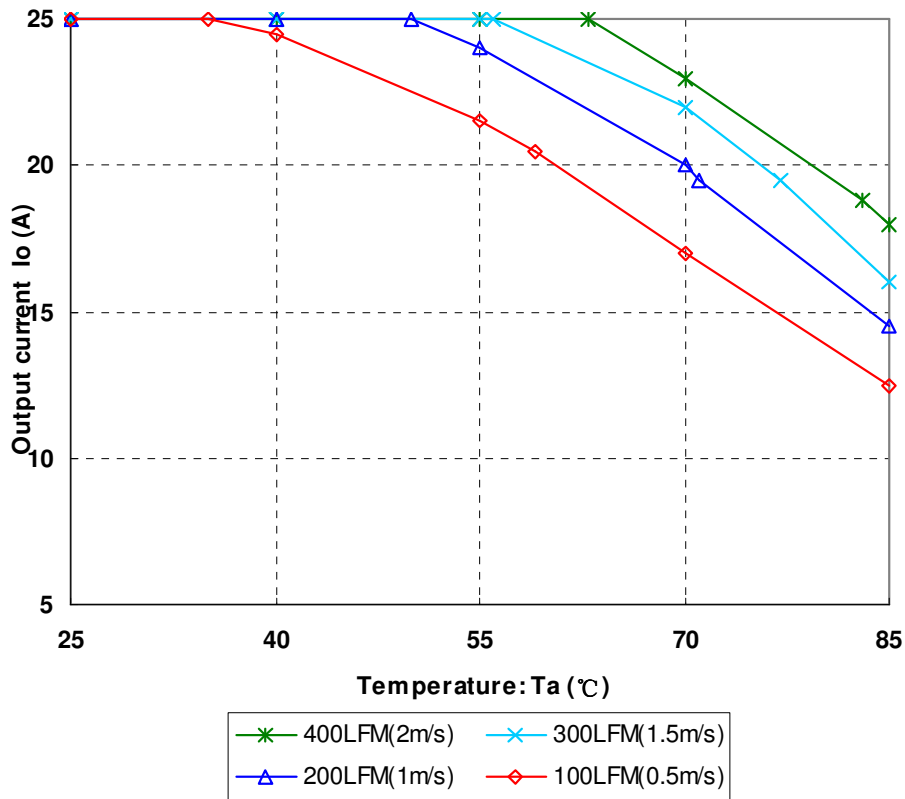


Figure 15 Output power derating, 48V<sub>in</sub>, air flowing across the converter from pin 1 to pin 3

## Qualification Testing

Parameter	Unit (pcs)	Test condition
Halt test	4-5	$T_{a,min} - 10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $T_{a,max} + 10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ step, $V_{in} = \text{min to max}$ , $0 \sim 105\%$ load
Vibration	3	Frequency range: $5\text{Hz} \sim 20\text{Hz}$ , $20\text{Hz} \sim 200\text{Hz}$ , A.S.D: $1.0\text{m}^2/\text{s}^3$ , $-3\text{db/oct}$ , axes of vibration: X/Y/Z. Time: 30min/axes
Mechanical Shock	3	30g, 6ms, 3axes, 6directions, 3time/direction
Thermal Shock	3	$-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unit temperature 20cycles
Thermal Cycling	3	$-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , temperature change rate: $1\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{min}$ , cycles: 2cycles
Humidity	3	$40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 95%RH, 48h
Solder Ability	15	IPC J-STD-002C-2007

### Typical Application

Below is the typical application of the AVQ300-48S12 series power supply.

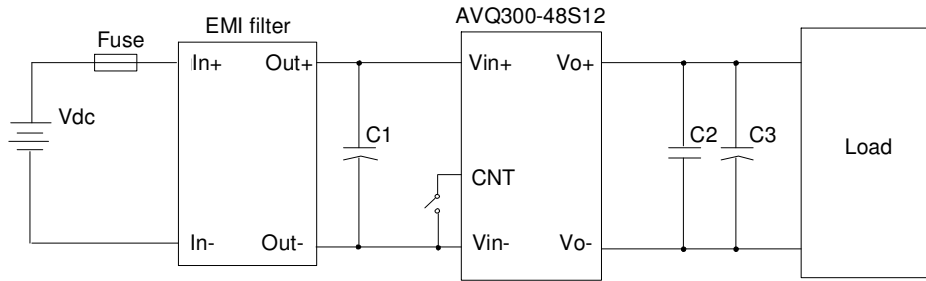


Figure 16 Typical application

C1: 100 $\mu$ F/100V electrolytic capacitor, P/N: UPM2A101MHD (Nichicon) or equivalent caps

C2: 1 $\mu$ F/100V X7R ceramic capacitor, P/N: C3225X7R2A105KT0L0U (TDK) or equivalent caps

C3: 1000 $\mu$ F electrolytic capacitor, P/N: UPM1E102MHP (Nichicon) or equivalent caps

Fuse: External fast blow fuse with a rating of 15A. The recommended fuse model is 0324020 MXP from LITTLEFUSE.

Note: The converter cannot be used in parallel mode directly!

## Remote ON/OFF

The converter is equipped with a primary ON/OFF pin used to remotely turn the converter on or off via a system signal. Two CNT logic options are available. For the positive logic model a system logic low signal will turn the converter off. For the negative logic model a system logic high signal will turn the converter off. For negative logic models where no control signal will be used the ON/OFF pin should be connected directly to  $-V_{in}$  to ensure proper operation. For positive logic models where no control signal will be used the ON/OFF pin should be left unconnected.

The following figure shows a few simple CNT circuits.

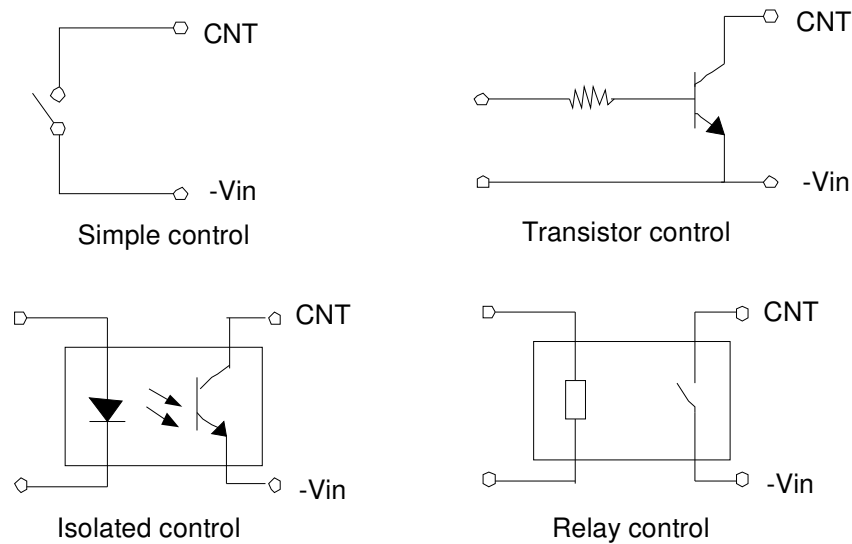


Figure 17 External Remote ON/OFF diagram

## Trim Characteristics

Connecting an external resistor between Trim pin and  $V_o-$  pin will decrease the output voltage. While connecting it between Trim and  $V_o+$  will increase the output voltage. The following equations determine the external resistance to obtain the trimmed output voltage.

$$R_{Trim-down} = \left( \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22 \right) k\Omega$$

$$R_{trim-up} = \left( \frac{5.11V_{nominal}(100 + \Delta\%)}{1.225\Delta\%} - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22 \right) k\Omega$$

$$\Delta\% = \left| \frac{V_{nominal} - V_{desired}}{V_{nominal}} \right| \times 100$$

$V_{nom}$ : Nominal output voltage.

When trimming up, the output current should be decreased accordingly so as not to exceed the maximum output power and the minimum input voltage should be increased.

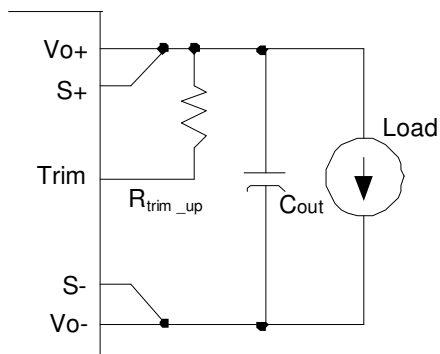


Figure 18 Trim up

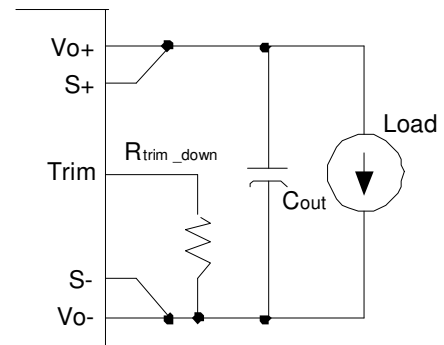


Figure 19 Trim down

## Input Ripple & Output Ripple & Noise Test Configuration

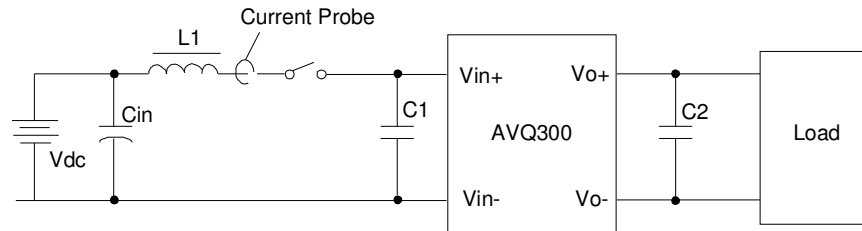


Figure 20 Input ripple & output ripple & noise test configuration

V<sub>dc</sub>: DC power supply

L1: 12uH

C<sub>in</sub>: 220uF/100V typical

C1: Input electrolytic capacitor, according to the same type as C1 in Figure 16

C2: Output electrolytic capacitor, according to the same type as C3 in Figure 16

Note: Using a coaxial cable with series 50Ω resistor and 0.68μF ceramic capacitor or a ground ring of probe to test output ripple & noise is recommended.

### **Sense Characteristics**

If the load is far from the unit, connect Sense + and Sense - to the terminals of the load respectively to compensate the voltage drop on the transmission line. See Figure 16.

If the sense compensation function is not necessary, connect Sense + to  $V_o+$  and Sense - to  $V_o-$  directly.



### **Soldering**

The product is intended for standard manual, wave soldering.

When wave soldering is used, the temperature on pins is specified to maximum 260 °C for maximum 7s.

When soldering by hand, the iron temperature should be maintained at 300 °C ~ 380 °C and applied to the converter pins for less than 10s. Longer exposure can cause internal damage to the converter.

Cleaning of solder joint can be performed with cleaning solvent IPA or similitive.

**Hazardous Substances Announcement (RoHS of China R6)**

Parts	Hazardous Substances					
	Pb	Hg	Cd	Cr <sup>6+</sup>	PBB	PBDE
AVQ300-48S12	x	x	x	x	x	x

x: Means the content of the hazardous substances in all the average quality materials of the part is within the limits specified in SJ/T-11363-2006

√: Means the content of the hazardous substances in at least one of the average quality materials of the part is outside the limits specified in SJ/T11363-2006

Artesyn Embedded Technologies has been committed to the design and manufacturing of environment-friendly products. It will reduce and eventually eliminate the hazardous substances in the products through unremitting efforts in research. However, limited by the current technical level, the following parts still contain hazardous substances due to the lack of reliable substitute or mature solution:

1. Solders (including high-temperature solder in parts) contain plumbum.
2. Glass of electric parts contains plumbum.
3. Copper alloy of pins contains plumbum